Krontjong Toegoe in Tugu Village: Generic Form of Indonesian Kercong Music
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Abstract
Keroncong music today has been considered as one of the Indonesian musical mainstreams, but the historical background of how the music emerged remains a mystery. The only kercong known from the past is Krontjong Toegoe, developed in Tugu village since the seventeenth century as a hybrid genre of Portuguese sojourn. This article aims to discuss the musical style of Krontjong Toegoe and the origin of its supporting community in Tugu village north of Jakarta. While Krontjong Toegoe is still alive up to now, its historical relationships to the sixteenth century Portuguese music and to the Indonesian kercong music today are of important and interesting discourse.

Introduction
So far there were very few articles on kercong music that have been written by musicologists, and this article opens the discussion by quoting their opinions, which are of important points in reviewing the position and legitimacy of kercong music. In the following discourse, Australian musicologist Bronia Komhauser was among few scholars who have visited and conducted field research in Tugu village (kampung) in 1973. Her essay entitled In Defence of Kroncong has been an important source and widely quoted in today kercong publications. After her visit to the village, she admitted that Krontjong Toegoe played by the Tugu musicians which lasted for more than three centuries have been an important evidence to the investigation on Portuguese musical legacy in Indonesia.

Tugu holds a unique place in the history of kroncong. It is living proof of the Portugis-Indonesian heritage of this music. By all accounts, Tugu is also the place where kroncong originated in Java. To the best of our